INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT

I. Introduction

The Capital Pi Investment Fund (hereafter referred to as the "Fund") was created to increase the welfare of the clients who invested in the Fund (the "clients"). The purpose of this Investment Policy Statement is to establish guidelines for the Fund's investment portfolio (the "Portfolio"). The statement also incorporates accountability standards that will be used for monitoring the progress of the Portfolio's investment program and for evaluating the contributions of the manager(s) hired on behalf of the Fund and its beneficiaries.

II. Role of the Investment Committee

The Investment Committee (the "Committee") is acting in a fiduciary capacity with respect to the Portfolio.

- This Investment Policy Statement sets forth the investment objectives, distribution policies, and investment guidelines that govern the activities of the Committee and any other parties to whom the Committee has delegated investment management responsibility for Portfolio assets.
- The investment policies for the Fund contained herein have been formulated consistent with the client's anticipated financial needs and in consideration of the client's tolerance for assuming investment and financial risk, as reflected in the majority opinion of the Committee.
- Policies contained in this statement are intended to provide guidelines, where necessary, for ensuring that the Portfolio's investments are managed consistent with the short-term and long-term financial goals of the Fund. At the same time, they are intended to provide for sufficient investment flexibility in the face of changes in capital market conditions and in the financial circumstances of the client.
- The Committee will review this Investment Policy Statement at least once per year. Changes to this Investment Policy Statement can be made only by affirmation of a majority of the Committee, and written confirmation of the changes will be provided to all Committee members and to any other parties hired on behalf of the Portfolio as soon thereafter as is practical.

III. Investment objective and spending policy

- The Fund is to be invested with the objective of preserving the long-term, real purchasing power of assets while providing a relatively predictable and growing stream of annual distributions in support of the client.
- For the purpose of making distributions, the Fund shall make use of a total-return-based spending policy, meaning that it will fund distributions from net investment income, net realized capital gains, and proceeds from the sale of investments.
- The distribution of Fund assets will be permitted to the extent that such distributions do not exceed a level that would erode the Fund's real assets over time. The Committee will seek to reduce the variability of annual Fund distributions by factoring past spending and Portfolio asset values into its current spending decisions. The Committee will review its spending assumptions

annually for the purpose of deciding whether any changes therein necessitate amending the Fund's spending policy, its target asset allocation, or both.

• Periodic cash flow, either into or out of the Portfolio, will be used to better align the investment portfolio to the target asset allocation outlined in the asset allocation policy at Section IV. A. herein.

IV. Portfolio investment policies

A. Asset allocation policy

- The Committee recognizes that the strategic allocation of Portfolio assets across broadly defined financial asset and sub-asset categories with varying degrees of risk, return, and return correlation will be the most significant determinant of long-term investment returns and Portfolio asset value stability.
- 2. The Committee expects that actual returns and return volatility may vary from expectations and return objectives across short periods of time. While the Committee wishes to retain flexibility with respect to making periodic changes to the Portfolio's asset allocation, it expects to do so only in the event of material changes to the Fund, to the assumptions underlying Fund spending policies, and/or to the capital markets and asset classes in which the Portfolio invests.
- 3. Fund assets will be managed as a balanced portfolio composed of two major components: an equity portion and a fixed income portion. The expected role of Fund equity investments will be to maximize the long-term real growth of Portfolio assets, while the role of fixed income investments will be to generate current income, provide for more stable periodic returns, and provide some protection against a prolonged decline in the market value of Portfolio equity investments.
- 4. Derivative financial instrument. Maximum open position is calculated not by the amount of collateral, but as the total volume of open positions for all types of derivatives. The underlying asset of this contract can be: securities; commodities; currency; interest rates; inflation; contracts being derivative financial instruments. Well as derivatives on other types of assets that are exchange traded and the exchange's treatment (the over-the-counter (OTC)).
- 5. Investments in currency are carried out through the purchase of key currencies on the spot market.
- 6. Cryptocurrencies are classified as a subset of digital currencies and are also classified as a subset of alternative currencies and virtual currencies. Assets of this kind have no collateral, i.e. counterparties may not accept such assets as collateral for financial transactions or as a payment. Therefore, these assets are subject to substantial risk of loss up to the full amount invested. The Fund seeks to work only with the leading cryptocurrency (Bitcoin, Ethereum etc.) that you can buy/sell on many exchanges. Also, the Fund accepts cryptocurrency as investment funds for subsequent reinvestment in any assets or business.
- 7. Cash investments will, under normal circumstances, only be considered as temporary Portfolio holdings, and will be used for Fund liquidity needs or to facilitate a planned program of dollar-cost averaging into investments in either or both of the equity and fixed income asset classes.
- 8. Outlined below are the long-term strategic asset allocation guidelines, determined by the Committee to be the most appropriate, given the Fund's long-term objectives and short-term

constraints. Portfolio assets will, under normal circumstances, be allocated across broad asset and subasset classes in accordance with the following guidelines:

Asset class	Sub-asset class	Maximum open position
Fixed income	Investment grade	100%
Equity	U.S and Non-U.S.	15%
Derivatives	The whole class of derivatives	10%*
Currency	Major currencies	5%
Digital assets	Cryptocurrency	30%
Cash		From 1 to 100%

*no collateral

9. To the extent the Portfolio holds investments in nontraditional, illiquid, and/or nonmarketable securities including (but not limited to) venture capital, hedge funds, and real estate investments, these assets will be treated collectively as alternative investments for purposes of measuring the Portfolio's asset allocation. While not specifically considered within this policy, alternative investments may comprise no more than 15% of total Portfolio assets and, to the extent they are owned, will proportionately reduce target allocations to the three primary asset classes itemized above.

B. Diversification policy

- Diversification across and within asset classes is the primary means by which the Committee expects the Portfolio to avoid undue risk of large losses over long time periods. To protect the Portfolio against unfavorable outcomes within an asset class due to the assumption of large risks, the Committee will take reasonable precautions to avoid excessive investment concentrations. Specifically, the following guidelines will be in place:
 - a. With respect to fixed income investments, for individual bonds, the minimum average credit quality of these investments shall be investment grade (Standard & Poor's BBB or Moody's Baa or higher).

C. Rebalancing

It is expected that the Portfolio's actual asset allocation will vary from its target asset allocation as a result of the varying periodic returns earned on its investments in different asset and sub - asset classes. The Portfolio will be rebalanced to its target normal asset allocation under the following procedures:

- 1. The investment manager will use incoming cash flow (contributions) or outgoing money movements (disbursements) of the Portfolio to realign the current weightings closer to the target weightings for the Portfolio.
- 2. The investment manager will review the Portfolio everyday (from 1 January to 31 December) to determine the deviation from target weightings. During each everyday review, the following parameters will be applied:
 - a. If any asset class (equity or fixed income) within the Portfolio is +/-5 percentage points from its target weighting, the Portfolio will be rebalanced.
 - b. If any fund within the Portfolio has increased or decreased by greater than 20% of its target weighting, the fund will be rebalanced.
- 3. The investment manager may provide a rebalancing recommendation at any time.

- 4. The investment manager shall act within a reasonable period of time to evaluate deviation from these ranges.
- D. Other investment policies

Unless expressly authorized by the Committee, the Portfolio and its investment managers are prohibited from:

- 1. Purchasing securities on margin or executing short sales.
- 2. Pledging or hypothecating securities, except for loans of securities that are fully collateralized.
- 3. Purchasing or selling derivative securities for speculation or leverage. If the Committee will allow the Manager to use leverage, it will be in the ratio of 1:2. Leverage may be used not only for derivatives instruments but also for stocks, bonds, and other assets.
- 4. Engaging in investment strategies that have the potential to amplify or distort the risk of loss beyond a level that is reasonably expected, given the objectives of their Portfolio.

V. Monitoring portfolio investments and performance

The Committee will monitor the Portfolio's investment performance against the Portfolio's stated investment objectives. At a frequency to be decided by the Committee, it will formally assess the Portfolio and the performance of its underlying investments as follows:

- A. The Portfolio's composite investment performance (net of fees) will be judged against the following standards:
 - 1. The Portfolio's absolute long-term real return objective.
 - 2. A composite benchmark consisting of the following unmanaged market indexes weighted according to the expected target asset allocations stipulated by the Portfolio's investment guidelines.
 - a. U.S. Equity: SP500 index
 - b. Non-U.S. Equity: MSCI EAFE +EM Index
 - c. Investment Grade Fixed Income: Bloomberg IG Bond Index
 - d. Derivative: comparison is not performed.
 - e. Currency: DXY index
 - f. Cryptocurrency: BTC/USD
 - g. Cash: T-Bill Index
- B. The performance of professional investment managers hired on behalf of the Portfolio will be judged against the following standards:
 - 1. A market-based index appropriately selected or tailored to the manager's agreed-upon investment objective and the normal investment characteristics of the manager's portfolio.
 - 2. The performance of other investment managers having similar investment objectives.
- C. In keeping with the Portfolio's overall long-term financial objective, the Committee will evaluate Portfolio and manager performance over a suitably long-term investment horizon, generally across full market cycles or, at a minimum, on a rolling five-year basis.
- D. Investment reports shall be provided by the investment manager(s) on a (calendar) quarterly basis or as more frequently requested by the Committee. Each investment manager is expected to be

available to meet with the Investment Committee once per year (or more often) to review portfolio structure, strategy, and investment performance.